

Americans for Financial Reform 1629 K St NW, 10th Floor, Washington, DC, 20006 202.466.1885

April 23, 2012

Dear Representative,

On behalf of Americans for Financial Reform, we are writing to express our opposition to HR 3336, entitled "The Small Business Credit Availability Act".¹ Despite the title, this legislation has nothing to do with the regulation of small business. Instead, it represents an effort by large and significant financial entities to expand already generous exemptions they were given in both the original Dodd Frank Act and in rules currently being finalized by regulators. After almost two years of work, thousands of public comments, and hundreds of meetings and public round tables, regulators are finally beginning to complete critical rules for oversight of the unregulated derivatives markets central to the financial collapse of 2008. Congress should not send them back to the drawing board with instructions to create additional loopholes for large financial industry insiders. We urge you to reject HR 3336.

For the most part, this legislation addresses the same issues as those handled in the recently finalized regulatory rule determining which entities will be designated for prudential oversight under new derivatives regime. The regulators' final rule exempts from designation all but the largest participants in the swaps market. For example, an entity cannot be regulated as a 'swap dealer' unless it has in excess of \$8 billion in notional swaps activity each year. This level would equate to well over a thousand typical swaps transactions a year. Activity levels must be even higher for regulation as a 'major swaps participant'. The rule also contains numerous other exemptions. These range from a blanket exemption for transactions between a cooperative (including rural, electric, and financial coops) and its members to exemptions for bona fide hedging of production risks for commercial businesses. It is simply impossible to see how an actual small business would be designated for prudential oversight under the regulators' rules.

Instead, HR 3336 attempts to expand the already existing set of exemptions for the benefit of major participants in the derivatives markets. Every major issue raised in this bill already has a corresponding exemption in the regulators' final rules (in most – but not all - cases these exemptions are written into the Dodd-Frank statute). But HR 3336 seeks to expand those exemptions in ways that could have unpredictable and possibly dangerous consequences.

<u>¹ Americans for Financial Reform</u> is an unprecedented coalition of over 250 national, state and local groups who have come together to reform the financial industry. Members of our coalition include consumer, civil rights, investor, retiree, community, labor, religious and business groups.

For example, the Dodd-Frank Act already provides an exemption from dealer designation related to bank sales of swaps that are directly connected to originating a bank loan to the swaps purchaser. HR 3336 would replace this targeted exemption for 'originating a loan' with a much broader exemption tied to any 'extension of credit' whatsoever that benefits the customer. This change could potentially allow expanding the exemption from dealer status to banks active in the municipal bond market, which often involves complex liquidity facilities that are clearly extensions of credit'. A creative lawyer might even argue that bond underwritings are 'extensions of credit'. Of course, the municipal bond market was one of the major areas of derivatives abuses over the past decade. Taxpayers lost billions of dollars in the complete systemic collapse of the Auction Rate Securities market in 2007-08, and the largest municipal bankruptcy in U.S. history, in Jefferson County Alabama, was directly tied to swaps market abuses. The Dodd-Frank Act contains new business conduct standards for swaps dealers that are directly aimed at these abuses – but they won't apply if banks in that market are not designated as dealers.

This is just one example of the potential implications of HR 3336. To take another, the bill also creates a statutory exemption from dealer designation for swaps activities that can be claimed to hedge or mitigate commercial risk. The regulators have already placed such a commercial hedging exemption in their final rules. This exemption can be sensible in particular cases, but a broad exemption also poses a risk to the effective regulation of some of the largest dealers in key swaps markets that help determine the price of critical commodities like oil, gasoline and food. Some of the major dealers in these markets are large global commodity producers that could use an overly broad hedge exemption to avoid oversight. For example, about a dozen such firms – including British Petroleum, Koch Supply and Trading, Shell Oil and Cargill firms-- are major derivatives dealers that are 'primary members' of the International Swaps and Derivatives Association.² The typical course taken by such firms is that they begin by hedging business-related risk, and use this market knowledge to do extensive trading and dealing at their own trading desks.

Placing the hedge exemption in statute would limit the future flexibility of regulators in overseeing such large dealers. This is especially pointless as the regulators have already finalized a rule that allows an exemption for bona fide hedging activity, which demonstrates their willingness to accommodate genuine commercial hedging. We believe that the exemption in the regulators final rule is already too broad in certain ways, but so long as this exemption is not placed in statute then regulators can easily revisit the issue if it leads to problems in commodities markets.

HR 3336 also expands already existing exemptions to benefit large swaps market players in several other cases. This includes an expansion of the definition of a 'captive finance company' which could affect the treatment of major consumer financing firms. Other changes could work

² <u>International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Primary Member List</u>, accessed April 10, 2012.

to exempt Wall Street hedge funds which combine proprietary derivatives trading with market making and dealing.

According to recent polling data, almost 80 percent of Americans favor tougher rules and enforcement for big Wall Street banks. About 70 percent also favor the recently passed Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform Act. The reasons for this are clear. The financial crisis of 2008 cost the U.S. economy trillions of dollars and millions of jobs, and led to millions of families losing their homes. Lack of oversight in unregulated derivatives markets was a key cause of these enormous costs. For the first time, the Dodd-Frank Act subjects these previously unregulated markets to basic transparency and oversight requirements. In implementing the new Dodd-Frank rules, regulators have been highly attentive to the needs of end users and indeed to those of financial industry participants. Not only have regulators reviewed thousands of comments and engaged in many hours of discussion with the affected companies, they have included numerous and wide-ranging exemptions in their rules which will act to exempt end user firms and small businesses from many derivatives regulations. In fact, such small end user firms will be assisted by new derivatives market rules, as their large dealer counterparties will have to open up competitive bidding for swaps and respect other business conduct rules. Legislation like HR 3336 is an unnecessary and potentially harmful interference with the process of completing these critical rules and should be rejected.

Sincerely,

Americans for Financial Reform

Following are the partners of Americans for Financial Reform.

All the organizations support the overall principles of AFR and are working for an accountable, fair and secure financial system. Not all of these organizations work on all of the issues covered by the coalition or have signed on to every statement.

- A New Way Forward
- AFL-CIO
- AFSCME
- Alliance For Justice
- Americans for Democratic Action, Inc
- American Income Life Insurance
- Americans United for Change
- Campaign for America's Future
- Campaign Money
- Center for Digital Democracy
- Center for Economic and Policy Research
- Center for Economic Progress
- Center for Media and Democracy
- Center for Responsible Lending
- Center for Justice and Democracy
- Center of Concern
- Change to Win
- Clean Yield Asset Management
- Coastal Enterprises Inc.
- Color of Change
- Common Cause
- Communications Workers of America
- Community Development Transportation Lending Services
- Consumer Action
- Consumer Association Council
- Consumers for Auto Safety and Reliability
- Consumer Federation of America
- Consumer Watchdog
- Consumers Union
- Corporation for Enterprise Development
- CREDO Mobile
- CTW Investment Group
- Demos
- Economic Policy Institute
- Essential Action
- Greenlining Institute
- Good Business International
- HNMA Funding Company
- Home Actions

- Housing Counseling Services
- Information Press
- Institute for Global Communications
- Institute for Policy Studies: Global Economy Project
- International Brotherhood of Teamsters
- Institute of Women's Policy Research
- Krull & Company
- Laborers' International Union of North America
- Lake Research Partners
- Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights Under Law
- Move On
- NASCAT
- National Association of Consumer Advocates
- National Association of Neighborhoods
- National Community Reinvestment Coalition
- National Consumer Law Center (on behalf of its low-income clients)
- National Consumers League
- National Council of La Raza
- National Fair Housing Alliance
- National Federation of Community Development Credit Unions
- National Housing Trust
- National Housing Trust Community Development Fund
- National NeighborWorks Association
- National Nurses United
- National People's Action
- National Council of Women's Organizations
- Next Step
- OMB Watch
- OpenTheGovernment.org
- Opportunity Finance Network
- Partners for the Common Good
- PICO National Network
- Progress Now Action
- Progressive States Network
- Poverty and Race Research Action Council
- Public Citizen
- Sargent Shriver Center on Poverty Law
- SEIU
- State Voices
- Taxpayer's for Common Sense
- The Association for Housing and Neighborhood Development
- The Fuel Savers Club
- The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights
- The Seminal
- TICAS
- U.S. Public Interest Research Group
- UNITE HERE
- United Food and Commercial Workers

- United States Student Association
- USAction
- Veris Wealth Partners
- Western States Center
- We the People Now
- Woodstock Institute
- World Privacy Forum
- UNET
- Union Plus
- Unitarian Universalist for a Just Economic Community

List of State and Local Signers

- Alaska PIRG
- Arizona PIRG
- Arizona Advocacy Network
- Arizonans For Responsible Lending
- Association for Neighborhood and Housing Development NY
- Audubon Partnership for Economic Development LDC, New York NY
- BAC Funding Consortium Inc., Miami FL
- Beech Capital Venture Corporation, Philadelphia PA
- California PIRG
- California Reinvestment Coalition
- Century Housing Corporation, Culver City CA
- CHANGER NY
- Chautauqua Home Rehabilitation and Improvement Corporation (NY)
- Chicago Community Loan Fund, Chicago IL
- Chicago Community Ventures, Chicago IL
- Chicago Consumer Coalition
- Citizen Potawatomi CDC, Shawnee OK
- Colorado PIRG
- Coalition on Homeless Housing in Ohio
- Community Capital Fund, Bridgeport CT
- Community Capital of Maryland, Baltimore MD
- Community Development Financial Institution of the Tohono O'odham Nation, Sells AZ
- Community Redevelopment Loan and Investment Fund, Atlanta GA
- Community Reinvestment Association of North Carolina
- Community Resource Group, Fayetteville A
- Connecticut PIRG
- Consumer Assistance Council
- Cooper Square Committee (NYC)
- Cooperative Fund of New England, Wilmington NC
- Corporacion de Desarrollo Economico de Ceiba, Ceiba PR

- Delta Foundation, Inc., Greenville MS
- Economic Opportunity Fund (EOF), Philadelphia PA
- Empire Justice Center NY
- Empowering and Strengthening Ohio's People (ESOP), Cleveland OH
- Enterprises, Inc., Berea KY
- Fair Housing Contact Service OH
- Federation of Appalachian Housing
- Fitness and Praise Youth Development, Inc., Baton Rouge LA
- Florida Consumer Action Network
- Florida PIRG
- Funding Partners for Housing Solutions, Ft. Collins CO
- Georgia PIRG
- Grow Iowa Foundation, Greenfield IA
- Homewise, Inc., Santa Fe NM
- Idaho Nevada CDFI, Pocatello ID
- Idaho Chapter, National Association of Social Workers
- Illinois PIRG
- Impact Capital, Seattle WA
- Indiana PIRG
- Iowa PIRG
- Iowa Citizens for Community Improvement
- JobStart Chautauqua, Inc., Mayville NY
- La Casa Federal Credit Union, Newark NJ
- Low Income Investment Fund, San Francisco CA
- Long Island Housing Services NY
- MaineStream Finance, Bangor ME
- Maryland PIRG
- Massachusetts Consumers' Coalition
- MASSPIRG
- Massachusetts Fair Housing Center
- Michigan PIRG
- Midland Community Development Corporation, Midland TX
- Midwest Minnesota Community Development Corporation, Detroit Lakes MN
- Mile High Community Loan Fund, Denver CO
- Missouri PIRG
- Mortgage Recovery Service Center of L.A.
- Montana Community Development Corporation, Missoula MT
- Montana PIRG
- Neighborhood Economic Development Advocacy Project
- New Hampshire PIRG
- New Jersey Community Capital, Trenton NJ
- New Jersey Citizen Action
- New Jersey PIRG
- New Mexico PIRG
- New York PIRG
- New York City Aids Housing Network
- New Yorkers for Responsible Lending
- NOAH Community Development Fund, Inc., Boston MA

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- Nonprofit Finance Fund, New York NY
- Nonprofits Assistance Fund, Minneapolis M
- North Carolina PIRG
- Northside Community Development Fund, Pittsburgh PA
- Ohio Capital Corporation for Housing, Columbus OH
- Ohio PIRG
- OligarchyUSA
- Oregon State PIRG
- Our Oregon
- PennPIRG
- Piedmont Housing Alliance, Charlottesville VA
- Michigan PIRG
- Rocky Mountain Peace and Justice Center, CO
- Rhode Island PIRG
- Rural Community Assistance Corporation, West Sacramento CA
- Rural Organizing Project OR
- San Francisco Municipal Transportation Authority
- Seattle Economic Development Fund
- Community Capital Development
- TexPIRG
- The Fair Housing Council of Central New York
- The Loan Fund, Albuquerque NM
- Third Reconstruction Institute NC
- Vermont PIRG
- Village Capital Corporation, Cleveland OH
- Virginia Citizens Consumer Council
- Virginia Poverty Law Center
- War on Poverty Florida
- WashPIRG
- Westchester Residential Opportunities Inc.
- Wigamig Owners Loan Fund, Inc., Lac du Flambeau WI
- WISPIRG

Small Businesses

- Blu
- Bowden-Gill Environmental
- Community MedPAC
- Diversified Environmental Planning
- Hayden & Craig, PLLC
- Mid City Animal Hospital, Pheonix AZ
- The Holographic Repatterning Institute at Austin
- UNET

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